

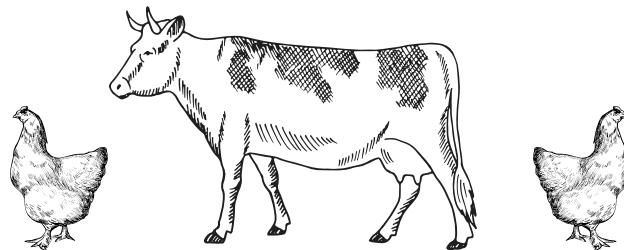
Non-Compliance Guidance

Non-compliance defined:

A noncompliance is a citation issued by a certification body to either a certified operation or an operation in the process of becoming certified that addresses practices on an operation that do not comply with the National Organic Program.

Non-compliances are issued in writing to the operation. They detail the specific area(s) of your operation affected by the non-compliance and which part of the Code of Federal Regulations are being violated.

Issuing non-compliances helps uphold the integrity of the organic label by identifying aspects of an operation that do not comply with the National Organic Program.



Why is a non-compliance issued?

Non-compliances are issued for any infractions of organic regulations that are significant enough to require a written corrective action plan to ensure future compliance. Examples of issues that warrant a Noncompliance may include:

- Recordkeeping concerns (ex: not keeping a certain type of record)
- Issues with production practices (ex: not having adequate cleaning protocols for equipment shared with conventional production)
- Label concerns (ex: missing or misplaced labeling elements).

Operators must submit a corrective action plan or a rebuttal within **30 days** of the issuance of a noncompliance.

All Notices of Non-Compliance are sent to the certified operation as well as the National Organic Program.

How do you resolve a non-compliance?

You have **30 days** from the date of issue to develop & submit a corrective action plan (CAP) or submit a rebuttal. The date this information is due will be stated in the written notice of non-compliance.

It is important to respond to all communications regarding non-compliances. Failure to respond will lead to further compliance action.



What to include in a corrective action plan (CAP):

Correcting the cause of the non-compliance

- Describe the verifiable action that will bring your operation into compliance.

Provide objective evidence of how the non-compliance was corrected

- Provide documented evidence to QCS indicating that the non-compliance was corrected and that changes have been implemented.

Prevention of recurrence of the non-compliance in the future.

- Describe the verifiable action that will prevent a reoccurrence of the non-compliance.

Provide objective evidence supporting how the non-compliance will be prevented in the future.

- Provide documented evidence to QCS indicating how the implemented changes are effective in preventing reoccurrence of the non-compliance.

Control measures for non-compliant product as appropriate.

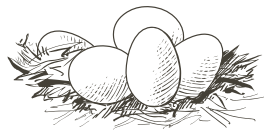
- Describe the verifiable actions taken to control non-compliant product on the market. Examples can include relabeling or removing product from distribution.

What does a non-compliance mean for your certification status?

A non-compliance does not change your operation's organic certification status. However, the non-compliance is reported to the NOP, and leads to a formal oversight process with your certifier.

If the non-compliance is unaddressed or not corrected within the 30-day period after it's issued, it could escalate to a Proposed Adverse Action. If carried through due process, an Adverse Action does impact certification status, leading to suspension or revocation of a certificate.

The USDA National Organic Program is federally regulated. Failure to engage with the noncompliance process can have significant ramifications.



Common Non-Compliances and how to avoid them:

- **Non-payment:** Ensure that all invoices are paid within 15 days of receipt.
- **Recordkeeping:** (Ex: Incomplete, ineffective, or missing records) Be sure to accurately document all activities at your operation, train all staff how to use templates & documentation systems, and maintain records for a minimum of five years.
- **Improper Labels:** For an infographic showing correct labeling practices, click [here](#).
- **Inaccurate/ Out-of-Date Organic System Plans:** (Ex: Changes to production practices, documentation systems, input sources, ingredient suppliers etc. not described in your OSP) Changes or updates to your OSP must be submitted for approval prior to implementation. Think of the OSP as a living document which you must keep current and accurate as updates are made.



Don't forget: you're not the only one!

Noncompliances can seem scary and intimidating. But...

They happen!

Operations, regardless of how long they have been certified, trip up every so often. Think of a noncompliance as an opportunity to improve your operation.

Non-compliances are not personal or intended as punishment - they help keep confidence in the USDA organic seal by ensuring everyone is adhering to the same standard.